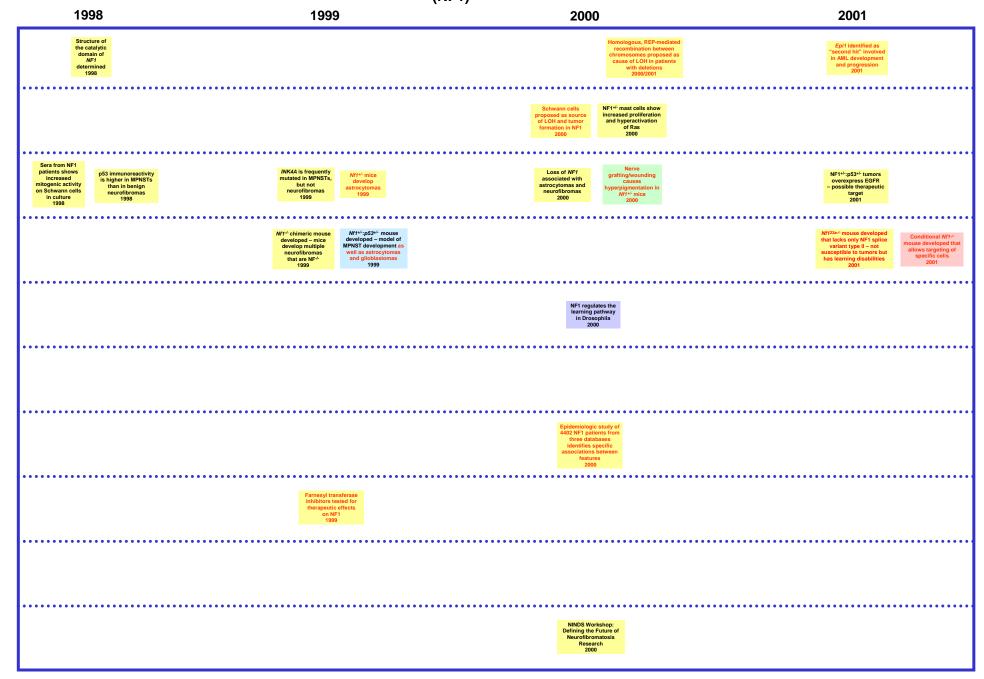
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OR

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E-mail: Richard.Kenyon@amedd.army.mil E-mail: Cathyryne.Manner@amedd.army.mil 1996 1997 Identification of a NF1 gene cloned NF2 gene cloned 1993 point mutation in a high levels of editing – potential mechanism for LOH on 1990 Evidence for LOH Molecular documented by Splice NF1 gene localized dermal neurofibroma Thomson (1900), Adrian (1901), and chromosome 17 shown for MPNSTs NF1 classified as a tumor of NF1 in neurofibromas 1995 NF2 gene product identified as Merlin/ Schwannomin variants of supports the tumor Biology & the product of suppressor the NF1 gene inactivation Prieser & Davenport suppressor Genetics hypothesis 1996 (1918) 1993 intracellular Ras-GTP to Ras-GDP ratio for Ras-GTP to Ras-GDF NF1 shares ratio elevated in neurofibromas and MPNSTs Neurofibromin homology with GAP interacts with regulates protein kinase A measuring neurofibromii Cellular microtubules proteins 1990 1997 Biology Loss of NF1 Schwann cells from neurofibromas associated with the p53 regulation is involved in the development of MPNSTs Loss of NF1 associated of optic pathway glioma in association with vasculopathy caused by smoot muscle cell Schwann cells are both angiogenic and invasive in promote angiogenesis and invasion development of leukemias and MPNSTs Pathobiology with MPNSTs NF1 1873 proliferation culture 1996 Nf1*/- mice developed that are Technology/ Mouse model of learning and Improved mouse cardiac muscle tumor prone and develop myeloid leukemias and Drosophila model of NF1 model of myeloid leukemia developed Animal malformation at memory defects developed 1997 gestational day 14 1994 Models 1996 MRI "abnormalities" associated with 1st research NF1 shown to have high index correlated to MRI data – myelin Evidence for lower IQ scores Drosophila NF1 involved in addressing the molecular basis of Behavioral & of specific learning disabilities in some children edema associated learning disabilities in NF1 learning disabilities in NF1 Cognitive with glial proliferation and memory 1997 Biology 1994 1st identified in the Direct gene testing for NF1 available 1st diagnostic comprehensive literature by Dr. Friedrich von test criteria Imaging, developed for NF database for NF Recklinghausen 1988 1995 Detection & Diagnosis **Epidemiology** Experimental 1st national multicenter clinical trial compound testing for Therapeutics NF1 treatments for NF began 1994 CO₂ laser removal of plexiform neurofibromas – 56% of tumors did not progress and 20% of cases found Symptom treatment used for cutaneous neurofibromas Neurofibromas Management 1987 NIH Consensus Development **DoD Neurofibromatosis NNFF Clinical Care** Important Conference on Advisory Board: Diagnostic Evaluation Foundation of NF, Inc. 1988 Research Program (NFRP) Foundation of NNFF 1978 Neurofibromatosis: delineated NF1 from NF2 and diagnostic Meetings and Management of NF1 and NF2 established & Symposia 1996

Neurofibromatosis Type 1 (NF1)



2002 2003 2004 2005 does not play a broad Molecular Biology & Genetics Omega-3 and omega-6 fatty acids differentially modulate MPNST contains a nuclear localization signal 2004 Cellular Biology Expression of activated TC21/R-Ras2 enhances migration of Nf1-deficient mouse Schwann cells causes nerve hyperplasia with occasional neurofibroma formation; reduction of EGFR expression in Pathobiology 2004 Technology/ Animal Models nprove as children with NF1 develop into Behavioral & Cognitive Biology expression profiles clinical application of five pre-implantation Imaging, characterized – potential diagnostic Detection genetic diagnosis protocols for NF1 and prognostic markers & Diagnosis Deletion of the NF1 Subcutaneous neurofibromas associated with increased mortality gene responsible for Optic pathway gliomas may present in older in adults with NF1; facial plexiform neurofibromas and itching associated with elevated mortality not stimulate children with NF1 and **Epidemiology** neurofibroma growth in women with NF1 increased risk of cohort of 500 unrelated developing MPNSTs 2003 unselected NF1 patients 2004 in children with NF1 Children with NF1 and low-FK228, an anti-PAK1 drug, causes complete regression of MPNST thalidomide in NF1 patients with plexiform neurofibromas – drug was well tolerated and minor Experimental grade visual pathway gliomas respond well to vincristine and Therapeutics carboniatin and do not develon ponses were observed in four patients xenografts 2005 progressive disease 2002 Symptom Management Important NINDS Workshop Developing Therapies for the Meetings Neurofibromatoses & Symposia